

Survey of “CHATBOT FOR PERSONALIZED HEALTHCARE ASSISTANT”.

Triveni Rathod¹, Gauri Mahure², Sanika Kolwadkar³, Sambodhi Bageshwar⁴, Diksha Tayade⁵,
Parag Thakare⁶

^{1,2,3,4,5}Computer Engineering Students. ⁶Assistant Professor.

^{1,2,3,4,5,6} Jagadambha College of Engineering and Technology, Yavatmal, Maharashtra, India.

Abstract: - The increasing demand for personalized healthcare services and the advancements in artificial intelligence (AI) technology has passed away for the development of intelligent chatbot systems in the healthcare domain. This project aims to design and implement an intelligent chatbot that serves as a virtual healthcare assistant, providing personalized and accessible healthcare information to users. The chatbot utilizes Natural Language Processing (NLP) techniques and machine learning algorithms to understand and respond to user queries related to various healthcare concerns. It leverages a vast knowledge base of medical information, incorporating the latest research and best practices in healthcare. The project also focuses on ensuring data privacy and security adhering to healthcare regulations and industry standards.

Keywords: - Intelligent chatbot, personalized healthcare, natural language processing, machine learning, artificial intelligence, symptom analysis, healthcare services.

I. Introduction

Healthcare is crucial in our lives today. Many people are busy with work and spend a lot of time online. As a result, they sometimes ignore small health issues instead of going to the hospital. But these small problems can become big and serious if not taken care of early. So, it is important to pay attention to your health. We can make a smart computer program, like a chatbot, that uses latest technology to guess what might be wrong with your health-wise. It can then give you some basic information about that problem before you even see a doctor. This helps you understand your health better and get information about different diseases whenever you need it.

A healthcare Virtual Assistant is like a smart computer program that talks to people using regular language, like how we chat with friends. It uses the latest technology and learns from talking to lots of people to help patients, caregivers, and healthcare workers.

³Chatbot is relatively a new technology. In the future, chatbots can be used in many different areas to make tasks easier, faster, and more efficient. For example, in customer service, chatbots can help answer questions and solve issues without the need for human intervention. In healthcare, they can provide basic information and assistance. In education, chatbots can support learning by answering queries and offering guidance. Essentially, chatbots have the potential to streamline communication and provide helpful information across various fields.

It is easy to use, even if you're not a technology expert. It's like having a friendly helper on your computer or phone for healthcare stuff. Chatbots, which were initially used for customer service, is now finding its way into healthcare. They can be a valuable solution to tackle various challenges in the healthcare field, even dealing with life and death situations. Chatbots are like smart computer programs that

use special learning techniques to talk to people and help patients in real-time. They have a conversation with you and assist when you need it. Chatbots are becoming popular in areas like shopping, news, social media, banking, and helping customers. Lots of folks use them on their phones every day, often without realizing it. Healthcare companies and medical staff are starting to use smart computer tools to make patient care easier and save money. When a patient talks to someone who sounds human but is a clever computer, that's a healthcare chatbot in action. Healthcare bots are used by various stakeholders within the healthcare ecosystem to improve patient care, streamline processes, and enhance overall healthcare experiences. Patients are the primary users of healthcare bots. They utilize these bots to access health information, schedule appointments, receive medication reminders, assess symptoms, and manage their health and wellness. Doctors, nurses, and other healthcare professionals also use healthcare bots to access clinical decision support, stay updated with medical literature, and streamline administrative tasks such as appointment scheduling and billing. Healthcare administrators and office staff use bots for tasks such as managing patient records, verifying insurance information, and handling administrative inquiries from patients. In the changing world of healthcare, where technology is becoming more important, chatbots are like helpful assistants. They make it easier for patients, doctors, and staff. They can answer questions, schedule appointments, and do work around the clock. This makes healthcare better for everyone. The list of actions virtual assistants can perform in healthcare are: Help you make doctor's appointments, remind you to take your medicine, ask about your symptoms and offer advice, provide information about health topics, explain medical bills and insurance, give basic first aid guidance during emergencies, get up virtual doctor visits and many more.

II. Literature Review

II.I Problem Statement

Certainly, much existing healthcare chatbot systems rely on text-based live chats, but they often have limitations. One significant drawback is that patients may experience delays in receiving responses because they have to wait for human experts to acknowledge and respond to their inquiries. This waiting time can be frustrating and can slow down the communication process between the patient and the healthcare provider.

In some cases, using live chat or making phone calls for healthcare communication may come with charges or fees. In simple terms, you might have to pay money for these services, similar to how you pay for other services like making phone calls or using certain apps.

People sometimes have to wait a long time to see a doctor or make an appointment, which takes up a lot of their time. In rural areas, there aren't always enough skilled healthcare workers, so it's hard for people to get the medical help they

need. This makes it tough for people who live in these areas to access healthcare services.

Rural people often have to travel to big cities to get treatment for their illnesses. The problem is that healthcare in cities can be expensive. So, they have to spend more money to get the care they need. The quality of care in hospitals can vary a lot. Some hospitals are great at taking care of patients, while others might not be as good. This can result in differences in how healthy people become. Some people have a hard time getting medical help because of where they live, how much money they have, or their social status. This can make it unfair, as not everyone has equal access to healthcare services.

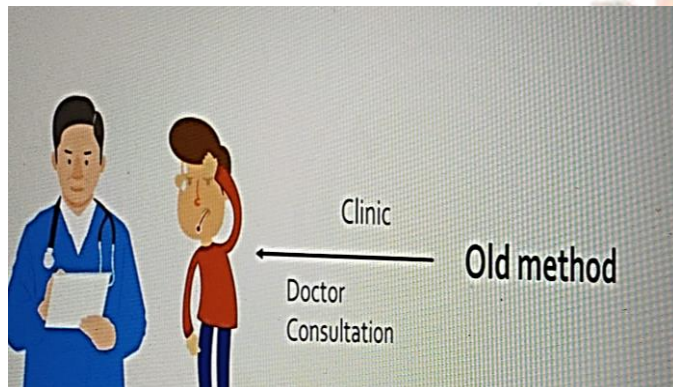


Fig. Existing System

II.1 Evolution of Healthcare Chatbots

The evolution of healthcare chatbots has seen significant developments over the years, driven by advancements in technology and a growing recognition of their potential to improve healthcare services. Here is a chronological overview of the key stages in the evolution of healthcare chatbots and the changes we will make:

1. Early Medical Expert Systems (1980s):

Back in the 1980s, smart computer programs called expert systems started to appear. They were like digital experts in specific medical fields, helping with things like diagnosing diseases. However, they couldn't chat with people. They were more like information databases.

2. Internet Information Resources (1990s-2000s):

As the internet grew, health information started showing up online. There were websites and online places where you

could read about health stuff. These websites didn't chat with you, but they were early ways to find health information online

3. Simple Text-Based Healthcare Bots (Early 2000s):

In the early 2000s, simple text-based healthcare bots began to appear online. These bots provided information about medical conditions, symptoms, and treatments. They followed basic rules and couldn't have in-depth conversations. They were like digital pamphlets, not like talking to a person.

4. Advancements in Natural Language Processing (Late 2000s- Early 2010s):

In the late 2000s and early 2010s, there were big improvements in how chatbots understand and talk to people. This happened because of better computer programs and techniques. These improvements allowed healthcare

chatbots to have more natural and meaningful conversations with users. It was like a big step forward in how well chatbots could communicate.

5. General-Purpose Chatbots (2010s):

Siri, Google Assistant, and Amazon Alexa are like all-purpose computer helpers have become really popular. They showed that computers could have conversations with people, even though they weren't specifically for healthcare. They were a glimpse into the world of talking to computers.

III. Proposed System

As we know that the previous systems were not available at all time. The main purpose of our system is that the user can chat with the bot regarding the query through text 24/7.

The system uses Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Natural Language Processing (NLP) to answer the questions. Bot also can suggest the medicines for normal diseases like colds, fevers, headaches etc. and can book the appointments also, if the disease is not cured. It also gives the message reminders about the appointments. Various users can log in at a time and chat with a bot. The bot can also view the history and download it accordingly. The main software we will be using is Python 3.11 with the help of AI and NLP. Natural Language Processing (NLP) is a field of artificial intelligence (AI) that focuses on the interaction between computers and human language. NLP uses various techniques and approaches to understand, interpret, and generate human language. Here are some of the key uses of NLP:

1. "Text Understanding and Analysis":

NLP means that computers can read text and figure out:

Sentiment: Sentiment analysis in natural language processing (NLP) involves determining the sentiment or emotional tone expressed in a piece of text. It's like knowing if someone is happy, sad, or just okay from what they wrote.

Named Entities: Finding important things like names of people, places, or companies in the text.

Topic: Understanding what the text is mostly about, like identifying if it's about sports, politics, or food.

2. Machine Translation:

NLP helps computers like Google Translate change words from one language to another, like magic language conversion.

3. Chatbots and Virtual Assistants:

NLP makes talking robots and digital helpers that can chat with people, answer questions, and do things when you talk to them like you're talking to a person.

4. Information Retrieval:

NLP helps search engines like Google understand what you're looking for when you type questions, so they find the right websites for you.

5. Text Summarization:

NLP can quickly make short summaries of big articles or documents, so you can know what they're about without reading all the words.

NLTK (Natural Language Toolkit) is a Python library used for working with text and language data. One of its capabilities is helping you summarize text, which means taking a long piece of writing and making it shorter while still keeping the most important information.

NLTK can do this in two main ways:

Extractive Summarization:

Think of extractive summarization like picking out the most crucial sentences from a text and stitching them together to form a summary.

NLTK can analyze the text and select the most significant sentences based on factors like word frequency, sentence length, or the relationships between sentences.

Abstractive Summarization:

Abstractive summarization is more advanced. It tries to understand the text and then rephrases it in a shorter, more human-like way.

NLTK, combined with other tools and libraries, can generate summaries that might contain words and phrases not present in the original text.

III.1 Objectives

The purpose of our system is to provide users with a 24/7 text-based chat service where they can interact with a bot. One of the main goals of our chatbot is to help patients learn more about their health issues, the treatments available, and the medicines they might need. These chatbots are also good at helping patients figure out how serious their symptoms are and whether they should see a doctor right away. Essentially, they provide information and guidance to make sure patients understand their health and can make informed decisions. This bot uses Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Natural Language Processing (NLP) to answer questions and provide information. Additionally, the bot can suggest common medicines for everyday ailments like colds, fevers, and headaches. It can also assist users in booking medical appointments if their condition persists. The system can send appointment reminders to users and allows multiple users to log in simultaneously and chat with the bot. Furthermore, the bot has the capability to view and download chat history for reference. In simple terms, healthcare chatbots want to make healthcare easier to get, faster, and all about the patient. They make sure patients get the right information and help so they can be healthier which will be implemented in our system.

III.2 Data Flow Diagram

Our system which is to be going to implement soon, will work according to the following data flow diagram.

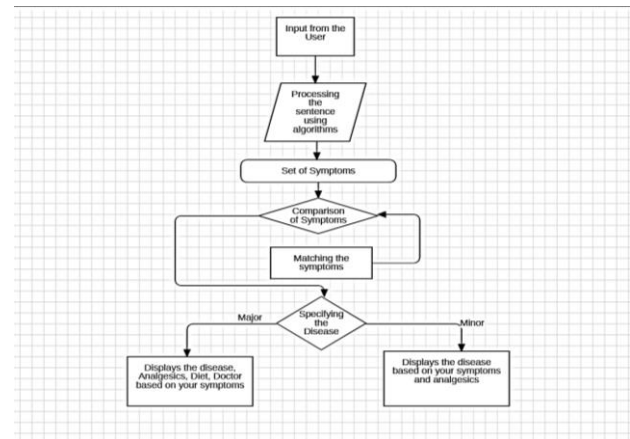


Fig. Data Flow Diagram

III.3 Modules

The modules we will be using in our project are as follows:

1. NLTK (Natural LanguageTool Kit):

NLTK is like a special toolbox for computers that helps them understand and work with human language. It's mainly used by computer programmers and researchers to do things like talking to computers in a more natural way, figuring out what words mean, and lots of other language-related stuff. It's a powerful tool for dealing with language in the world of computers.

2. NumPy (Numerical Python):

NumPy is a helpful tool in the Python programming world. It's like a toolbox that's great at handling and working with big sets of numbers. People use it a lot when they need to do math, calculations, or work with data, especially when there are a bunch of numbers involved. Scientists, data analysts, and folks doing things like machine learning really like it because it makes doing math on computers a lot simpler.

3. Activation:

In the context of machine learning and artificial neural networks, "activation" refers to a mathematical function that determines the output of a neuron (or node) based on the weighted sum of its inputs. This function is crucial for introducing non-linearity into the network, allowing it to model complex relationships in data.

4. Keras:

Keras is like a tool for creating and training computer programs that can learn and make decisions, similar to how our brains work. These programs are called "neural networks," and Keras helps you build them using the Python programming language. It's made to be easy to use and can be used by both beginners and experts in machine learning. You can use Keras to teach computers to do things like recognize images, understand language, and more. It's a helpful tool for anyone working on artificial intelligence projects.

5. Sequential:

In Python, "sequential" typically refers to a collection of elements or items that are stored in a specific order, and you can access them one after the other. Two common types of sequential data structures in Python are lists and tuples.

A list is a:

- a. **Mutable:** Lists can be changed after creation; you can add, remove, or modify items.
- b. **Ordered:** Lists maintain the order of elements, allowing you to access them by their position in the list.
- c. **Enclosed in Square Brackets:** Lists are defined by enclosing elements in square brackets [].
- d. **Allows Duplicate Elements:** Lists permit the presence of duplicate values.
- e. **Indexing Starts from 0:** In Python, list indexing begins at 0, so the first element is at index 0, the second at index 1, and so on.

A tuple is like a special kind of list that you cannot change once you create it. You put items inside parentheses () to make a tuple which is:

- a. **Immutable:** This means that once you put something into a tuple, you can't change or modify it. It stays the way it is.
- b. **Ordered:** Items in a tuple have a fixed order. So, the first item you put in is the first item you get out.
- c. **Duplicates Allowed:** You can have the same item multiple times in a tuple if you want.
- d. **Access by Index:** Just like in a list, you can find items in a tuple by their position or index

6. Response:

In Python, the term "response" typically refers to the result or output generated as a reaction to some action or request. Responses can be encountered in various contexts, such as web development, network communication, or file operations.

The term "response" is used in two ways:

- a. **HTTP Response:** HTTP responses consist of these key components:

Status Code: It provides a brief summary of whether the request was successful, encountered an error, or experienced another condition. Common status codes include:

200: OK (Success)

404: Not Found

500: Internal Server Error

Headers: Additional metadata sent along with the response, which can include information about the server, content type, caching directives, and more.

Body: The actual content of the response, which can be in various formats such as HTML, JSON, XML, or plain text. The body contains the data that the client (e.g., a web browser) will render or process.

- b. **File I/O Response:** When working with files, a response can refer to the outcome of a file operation, such as reading or writing data to a

file. Responses in this context often include success or error indicators.

7. TensorFlow:

TensorFlow is a popular framework of machine learning and deep learning. It's widely used for building and training machine learning and deep learning models. TensorFlow provides a comprehensive ecosystem of tools, libraries, and community support for various artificial intelligence tasks.

Imagine TensorFlow as a big toolbox for making computers learn and understand things, like recognizing cats in pictures or making smart chatbots. Inside this toolbox, there's a user manual that explains how to use all the tools.

This manual is written in a way that even if you're not a computer expert, you can understand it. It's like having a clear and easy-to-follow recipe for cooking your favourite dish.

So, whether you want to teach your computer to do cool things or solve tricky problems, TensorFlow's manual will guide you step by step, just like a friendly map on an exciting journey into the world of smart machines and artificial intelligence.

VI. Advantages

1. Instant Response: -

"Instant Response" in a healthcare chatbot refers to the quick and immediate replies or answers provided by the chatbot when a user asks a health-related question or reports symptoms. This feature ensures that users receive timely information, guidance, or support, which can be crucial in healthcare scenarios where prompt responses may be needed to address concerns, provide advice, or direct users to appropriate resources or professionals. Our system will be designed to give the quick response to the user.

2. Reduce Waiting Time: -

"Reducing waiting time" in a healthcare chatbot means making sure the chatbot answers quickly when people ask questions or need help. This helps users get the information or support they need without having to wait for a long time. It's like making sure you don't have to wait on hold when you call a doctor's office, and you can get help right away. This is important because in healthcare, sometimes you need information or advice urgently for your health and well-being.

3. Provide Assistance: -

"Providing assistance" in a healthcare chatbot means the chatbot is like a virtual helper for health questions. It can answer your health-related questions, give you advice, suggest things to try, or even tell you when you should see a real doctor. It's there to help you understand your health issues, symptoms, and what you can do to stay healthy.

4. Health Information and Education: -
 "Health Information and Education" in a healthcare chatbot means the chatbot can give you useful and correct information about health. It can also teach you things about staying healthy, like explaining different illnesses, their symptoms, how they're treated, and what you can do to prevent them. These chatbots are like friendly teachers that help you learn about health and make smart choices for your well-being.

5. Quick Access to critical information: -

"Quick access to critical information" in a healthcare chatbot context means the chatbot can rapidly provide important and essential details or data when needed. This could involve instant access to vital medical information, emergency contacts, medication instructions, or immediate guidance on critical health issues. The goal is to ensure that users can swiftly obtain crucial information that could be a matter of life and death, making the chatbot a valuable resource for accessing vital healthcare information promptly and efficiently.

6. Information about unknown pandemics: -

Integrating information about unknown pandemics into healthcare chatbots offers a crucial advantage in public health preparedness and education. These chatbots serve as a proactive means of early awareness, providing users with timely updates and insights regarding emerging or unfamiliar pandemics. They play a pivotal role in disseminating valuable knowledge on preventive measures, such as hygiene practices and vaccinations, empowering individuals to take proactive steps to mitigate the spread of the new disease.

VII. Conclusion

Chatbot is a great tool for conversation between human and machine. This paper talks about a clever computer program. This program can have a chat with you, like a friendly chatbot. You can tell it how you're feeling, like if you have a headache or a fever. Then, this program can use what you said to guess what illness you might have. It's like having a virtual doctor to help figure out what's wrong with you based on your symptoms. The web application is developed for getting a quick response from the bot which means without any delay, it gives the accurate result to the user. It is concluded that the usage of chatbot is user-friendly and can be used by any person who knows how to type in English language. Chatbot provided personalized diagnosis based on symptoms and also the information about the various diseases. This application is going to be very helpful to the users as they can easily get medical assistance without paying much, also they are getting all this at their home. One of the standout features of our chatbot is that we are providing live events on this platform. This sets it apart in delivering a superior user experience. Healthcare chatbots can make healthcare better by helping patients more, making things work smoother, and giving out good healthcare info. But to make them work well, we need to plan carefully, keep making them better, and promise to keep patients' private stuff safe and so is our implementation.

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